Worathida Maskasame 2009: Factors Relating to Relatives' Caring Behaviors in Cerebro Vascular Disease Patient of Out Patient Neuro Clinic, Department of Medicine, Phramongkutklao Hospital. Master of Science (Health Education), Major Field: Health Education, Department of Physical Education. Thesis Advisor: Associate Professor Alisa Nititham, M.Ed. 216 pages.

The purpose of this descriptive research was to study factors relating to relatives' caring behaviors in cerebro vascular disease patient of out patient neuro clinic, department of medicine, Phramongkutklao Hospital. The sample were 140 relatives of cerebro vascular disease patients of out patient neuro clinic, department of medicine, Phramongkutklao Hospital by purposive sampling. The research instrument was a questionnaire developed by the researcher. Data analysis was made by a statistical package for percentage, mean, standard deviation, Chi-square test and Pearson's Product Moment Correlation Coefficient.

The major findings were as follows: the behavior of relatives in taking care of cerebro vascular disease patients was at a moderate level. There were three bio-social variables which significantly correlated with relatives' behavior i.e. monthly income, relationship between relatives and patient and time care. Predisposing factors, namely, knowledge, attitude, perception about the advantages and obstacles in taking care cerebrovascular disease patients, had significant positive relationship with relatives' behavior at the level of .05 and .001. Enabling factors, namely, equipment was positively related to relatives' behavior with a statistical significance at the level of .001. Reinforcing factors, namely, social support had positive relationship with relatives' behaviors at a statistical significance level of .001.

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