

Jumpot Sookgua 2007: Agriculturist's Quality of Life according to Sufficiency Economy Status and Social Support to Sufficiency Economy Philosophy : A Case Study of the Tsunami Encounter Area in Tumbon Kampuen, King Amphoe Suk Samran, Changwat Ranong. Master of Arts (Social Development), Major Field: Social Development, Interdisciplinary Graduate Program. Thesis Advisor : Associate Professor Achara Navachinda, Ph.D. 175 pages

The objectives of this study were to compare the quality of life and its components and studying the correlation of career, sufficiency economy status (SES) and social support to sufficiency economy philosophy (SSSEP) factors with agriculturist 's quality of life at the Tsunami encounter area in Tumbon Kampuen, King Amphoe Suk Samran, Changwat Ranong. The sample of this study were 278 agriculturist consisted of 105 fishermen and 173 farmers. Questionnaire were used and data analysis by Percentages, Mean, Standard Deviation and Multiple Classification Analysis (MCA)

The study found that the quality of life of the fishermen and the farmers were at high level but were different at .05 level of significant by the farmers's quality of life were higher than the fishermen'. The quality of life components found that the physical health of the fishermen and the farmers were at moderate level and high level respectively. The mental health and the participatory in socio-economic development of both were at high level and the satisfaction of the fishermen and the farmers were at moderate level and high level respectively.

The study also found that the SSE and the SSSEP of the fishermen and the farmers were both at high level. The SSSEP factor had positive correlation with quality of life at .05 level of significant. The MCA analysis found that career and the SSSEP were effect to quality of life at 11.9 % ($R^2=.119$)



Student's signature



Thesis Advisor's signature