

Suwimon Ukraisa 2009: The Relationship Between Family Relationship and Adversity Quotient, and Prevention of Commit Suicide At-Risk of Public University Students in Bangkok Metropolis. Master of Arts (Home Economics Education), Major Field: Home Economics Education, Department of Vocational Education. Thesis Advisor: Assistant Professor Shiepsumon Rungsayatorn, Ph.D. 241 pages.

This research aimed to investigate the relationship between family relationship and adversity quotient, and prevention of commit suicide at-risk of public university students in Bangkok Metropolis. A questionnaire was employed to gather data from 450 public university students, selected by multi-stage random sampling. Data analysis comprised frequency, percentage, mean, standard deviation, Pearson's product moment correlation coefficient and stepwise multiple regression; using computer program. The findings revealed that more than two thirds of the students were female with average age of 20.52 years, earned 2.93 grade point average and resided with parents.

The findings showed that the students as a whole rated their family relationship at a rather high level, and performed their all aspects of relationships at a rather high level. The results revealed that two thirds of the students indicated their adversity quotient at a high level. When considering each factor, it was found that students rated "Control: C", "Origin and Ownership: O<sub>2</sub>" and "Reach: R" at a moderate level, but at a high level for "Endurance: E". Almost all students performed prevention of commit suicide at-risk behavior for themselves and for others at a high level.

The relationship between family relationship and adversity quotient, and prevention of commit suicide at-risk showed that family relationship and adversity quotient were positively correlated with prevention of commit suicide at-risk statistically significant at the .001 level. The stepwise multiple regression analysis showed that "family tie, love, and unity" was positively correlated with and influenced prevention of commit suicide at-risk statistically significant at the .001 level. The adversity quotient aspect that positively correlated with and influenced prevention of commit suicide at-risk statistically significant at the .001 level was "Control: C".

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Student's signature

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Thesis Advisor's signature

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